Application No.: 10/594,171 Filing Date: July 18, 2007

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- 1. (Canceled)
- 2. (Canceled)
- 3. (Currently amended) A method for treating abnormal nervous and/or endocrine regulation of [[a]] skin capillary blood flow comprising:
 - a) identifying a patient in need of increased skin capillary blood flow, and
 - b) applying a perfluorocompound emulsion to a cutaneous surface, wherein said perfluorocompound emulsion induces an increase in skin capillary blood flow.
 - 4. (Canceled)
- 5. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 3, wherein the perfluorocompound emulsion is in a cosmetic and/or dermatological preparation that further comprises at least one ingredient selected from the group consisting of a medicinal compound, another biologically active compound, an antiseptic compound, an antioxidant, a stabilizing compound, a coloring agent and an aromatizing additive.
- 6. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 3, wherein said application results in increased flexibility of walls of precapillary artirioles.
- 7. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 3, wherein said application results in increase of synthesis of collagenous and elastine fibers in capillary walls.
- 8. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 3, wherein said application results in increase of index of reserve capillary blood flow (CBR%).
- 9. **(Previously presented)** The method of Claim 3, wherein said abnormal nervous and/or endocrine regulation of the skin capillary blood flow causes flassid, atonic, stressed or aged skin condition, atopic dermatitis, neurodermitis or angiopathy.
- 10. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 9, wherein said abnormal nervouiangiopathy is caused by diabetes, cardio-vascular disease, or psoriasis.
- 11. (New) A method for treating abnormal regulation of a skin capillary blood flow comprising:
 - a) administering a perfluorocompound emulsion to a cutaneous surface of a patient, wherein said perfluorocompound emulsion induces an increase in skin capillary blood flow, and

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b) measuring in said patient the effect of said perfluorocompound emulsion on skin capillary blood flow.